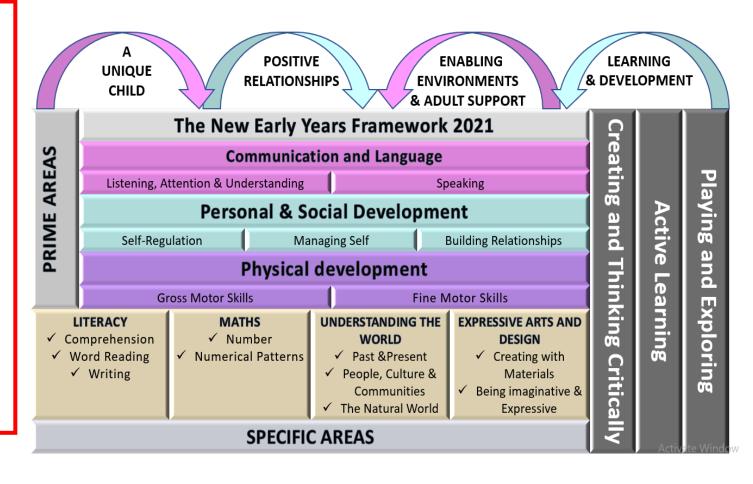


Reception Long Term Plan 2021 – 22

At the end of their time at Sandford Hill Primary, our children will take with them the skills to

- ❖ Make safe and healthy choices
- Communicate confidently
- Prepare them for a digital world
- ❖ Become independent learners, with a secure knowledge of the basics, who have a desire to further improve
- * Take pride in their personal achievement and pride in their school and their community.

"At Sandford Hill Primary School our ethos of 'Thoughtfulness and Respect' underpins our EYFS curriculum and is reflected in everything we do. Through positive relationships and high quality interactions our aim is to create a nurturing learning environment where every child feels happy and safe. We believe that all children deserve to be valued as an individual and we are passionate in allowing all children to achieve their potential from their various starting points. We work collaboratively with parents and carers to encourage independent, enthusiastic and happy learners who thrive in school regardless of background, circumstances or needs." EYFS -Sandford Hill



| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| General Themes NB: These themes may be adapted at various points to allow for children's interests to flow through the provision | All About me! Starting school / my new class / Feelings What makes a good friend? My family People who help us / Occupations Staying healthy / Food / Human body/Senses How have I changed? Being kind / Sharing Sports week - fairness | The Dark Nocturnal animals Space Diwali Bonfire Night Christmas | Down in the woods Traditional stories Pancake Day Winter Woodland environments | Come outside Plants & Flowers – what do they need to grow? Weather / seasons Planting seeds Reduce, Reuse & Recycle Minibeasts Life cycle of a butterfly Life cycle of a frog Healthy food – where does our food come from? | Amazing animals Zoo animals On the farm Contrasting countries | A ticket to ride Our local area - Stoke on Trent Where do we live in the UK / world? Houses and homes How do I get there? Where in the world have you been? Vehicles past and Present Under the sea Pirates |
| Core texts | All are welcome The Colour Monster A superhero like you Funny Bones The Family Book The Enormous Turnip | Whatever Next! The Way Back Home Alien's love underpants The Solar System (non fiction) Can't you sleep little bear Peace at Last Rama and Sita The Nativity Story | Stickman The Gruffalo The Gingerbread Man Hansel and Gretel Little Red Riding Hood Mr Wolf's Pancakes | Busy Spring – Nature Wakes Up The Tiny Seed Oliver's Vegetables Jack and the Beanstalk The Very Hungry Caterpillar Superworm Growing Frogs | Handa's Surprise Dear Zoo What the Ladybird Heard Tom and the Island of the Dinosaurs | The Three Little Pigs The Naughty Bus Mr Gumpy's Outing Tiddler The Rainbow Fish |
| Rhymes and songs | Wind the Bobbin Up Miss Polly had a dolly Three Blind Mice Pat a Cake | Hey Diddle Diddle Wee Willy Winky | The Grand Old Duke of York Jack and Jill | I hear thunder It's Raining, It's Pouring Mary Mary Quite Contrary Little Miss Muffet | Mary had a little lamb The animals went in two by two | The big ship sails A sailor went to sea |
| <u>Poems</u> | The Puffin Book of Fantastic First Poems Sing a song of six pence (big book) | The Booktime Book of Fantastic First Poems Two blue cockatoos (big book) | Literacy Skills Big Rhyme Book Pass the Jam, Jim (big book) All Join In (big book) I fell out of bed (big book) | Wiggle and Giggle (big book) | Rumble in the Jungle | Shark in the park Commotion in the Ocean |
| 'Wow' moments / Enrichment Weeks | Sports Week Autumn walk Remembrance Day Nurse / Firefighter visit | Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Night Christmas Time / Nativity Diwali Hannukah Black History Month Remembrance day Children in Need Anti- Bullying Week Animal Lady visit Visit to Cannock Chase | Chinese New Year LENT Internet Safety Day Making Gingerbread Men Pancake Day | Planting seeds Easter time Mother's Day Queen's Birthday Eater Egg Hunt Making fruit kebabs Butterflies Pond dipping | Pajamarama Day Fruit tasting National Forest Adventure Farm trip Father's Day | Geography day Sports Day Local area walk |

| | Autumn 1 All about me | Autumn 2 The Dark | Spring 1 Down in the | Spring 2 Come outside | Summer 1 Amazing | Summer 2 A ticket to ride | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Woods | | animals | | | | |
| Communication | The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with | | | | | | | | |
| and Language | | _ | | • | | interested in or doing, and | | | |
| ELG: Listening, Attention and | echoing back what they | say with new vocabular | y added, practitioners will | build children's lang | uage effectively. Rea | ding frequently to children, | | | |
| Understanding | and engaging them acti | vely in stories, non-fiction | on, rhymes and poems, and | d then providing then | n with extensive oppo | ortunities to use and embed | | | |
| Listen attentively and respond to | new words in a range o | f contexts, will give child | ren the opportunity to thr | ive. Through convers | ation, story-telling a | nd role play, where children | | | |
| what they hear with relevant | share their ideas with | support and modelling | from their teacher, and se | nsitive questioning th | nat invites them to ela | aborate, children become | | | |
| questions, comments and actions when being read to and during | | comfortable | e using a rich range of voc | abulary and language | e structures. | | | | |
| whole class discussions and small | -Good listening rules - | -Good listening rules - | Teach the children how | -Following | Ask's how and why | -Children feel confident to | | | |
| group interactions | understand how to listen | understand how to | to be talk partners | instructions e.g. | questions | express their ideas and | | | |
| Make comments about what they | carefully and why | listen carefully and why | | planting a seed, | | feelings using full sentences | | | |
| have heard and ask questions to | listening is important. | listening is important. | -re-telling traditional | cooking etc. | -new vocabulary | | | | |
| clarify their understanding Hold conversation when engaged | -Model talk routines | Teach the children how | stories through role-play, | | linked to | EYFS end of year concert | | | |
| in back-and-forth exchanges with | through the day. For | to be talk partners | story maps etc | -Takes part in discussion | experiences e.g. | NELL speech and language | | | |
| their teacher and peers | example, arriving in | to be talk partifers | -new vocabulary linked | discussion | fruit tasting, farm visit | -NELI speech and language intervention | | | |
| | school: "Good morning, | - adults facilitating in | to experiences e.g. | - Listening and | VISIC | intervention | | | |
| ELG: Speaking | how are you?" | the continuous | woodland visits | responding to | - Tier 2 vocabulary | | | | |
| Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering | • | provision modelling | | stories | linked to stories | | | | |
| their own ideas, using recently | talking about my | high quality interactions | -NELI speech and | | and core texts | | | | |
| introduced vocabulary. | family/my likes and | and vocabulary | language intervention | -Ask's how and why | | | | | |
| Offer explanations for why things | dislikes | | | questions | | | | | |
| might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary | - adults facilitating in the | - Tier 2 vocabulary | | | -NELI speech and | | | | |
| from stories, non-fiction, rhymes | continuous provision | linked to stories and core texts | | | language | | | | |
| and poems when appropriate. | modelling high quality | core texts | | -NELI speech and | intervention | | | | |
| Express their ideas and feelings | interactions and | - Listening and | | language intervention | | | | | |
| about their experiences using full | vocabulary | responding to stories | | intervention | | | | | |
| sentences, including use of past, | , | | | | | | | | |
| present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with | -NELI speech and | -NELI speech and | | | | | | | |
| modelling and support from their | language intervention | language intervention | | | | | | | |
| teacher. | | | | | | | | | |

C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, PSHE/circle times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions (NELI), talk for writing. **Daily Reading Opportunities –**

Reading area (books linked to children's interests, books the children read in Nursery, topic books, non-fiction books linked to topic) Shared reading (ORT big book), dedicated poem/rhyming song time, reading for pleasure daily story time, VIPERS linked to class text

| | Autumn 1 All about me | Autumn 2 The Dark | Spring 1 Down in the Woods | Spring 2 Come outside | Summer 1 Amazing animals | Summer 2 A ticket to ride |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| Personal, Social and Emotional Development ELG: Self- Regulation ELG: Managing Self ELG: Building Relationships | Children's personal, social and emocognitive development. Underpinni supportive relationships with adults eto manage emotions, develop a positi they want and direct attention as ne eating, and manage personal needs operate and resolve conflicts peaces. -Golden Rules/expected bel -PSHE stories linked to the Gol -Discuss feelings through stories e.g The -Adults to model building respectful -Adults to support children to self-regings -What makes a good friend? Make a -People who help us - doctors -Oral Health -Turn-taking and co-operation -Can independently organise themselve e.g., book bag in tray, coat - Can manage their own personal hygin handwashing | ng their personal de nable children to le ve sense of self, se cessary. Through ac ndependently. Through the naviour den Rules de Colour Monster al relationships gulate their own friendship cake. I dentists In games es in the morning on peg | t (PSED) is crucial for evelopment are the evelopment are the even how to underso the even how to underso the even how to underso the even will provide a second and even will provide a second and even how the even | important attachments the tand their own feelings and goals, have confidence in guidance, they will learn he caraction with other childre | y and happy lives, and at shape their social and those of others. Chen their own abilities, ow to look after their on, they learn how to rechildren can achieve -Golden Rule -PSHE stories lire -Discuss feelings Rai - Adults to more -Adults to support of the color o | world. Strong, warm and hildren should be supported to persist and wait for what r bodies, including healthy make good friendships, coat school and in later life. s/expected behaviour hked to the Golden Rules through stories e.g. The hinbow Fish odel building respectful elationships thildren to self-regulate their win feelings ter our Planet - recycling ter animals/Caring for living |
| <u>PSHE</u> | What makes a good frie Children will learn: -how to talk about their likes an -to listen to others -to talk about their families and compar differences in respect to other -to talk about what makes a good -to be a good friend | d dislikes e similarities and families | What is money used for? -what money is -what money is used for -the importance of earning money -how to make the choice of spending or saving the money they have earned -an understanding of needing something compared to wanting something -how to keep their money safe | | - looking after our ted - the imp - people wh - talk about how | and well-being eth is important to stay healthy cortance of hygiene no help us e.g. dentist of they are feeling and why greements by talking |

| | Autumn 1 All about me | Autumn 2 The Dark | Spring 1 Down in the Woods | Spring 2 Come outside | Summer 1 Amazing animals | Summer 2 A ticket to ride |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Physical Development ELG: Fine Motor Skills Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. | experiences develop inc ordination and position providing opportunities awareness, co-ordination Fine motor control and explore and play with so | Fine motor activities – threading, | ildhood, starting with solution ildhood, starting with solution and platoors, adults can support provide the foundation co-ordination, which is the and crafts and the plato develop proficiency. Fine motor activities — | ensory explorations as y movement with both to children to develop to for developing health a later linked to early light actice of using small to the control and confider of the motor activities — | and the development hobjects and adults. their core strength, so by bodies and social a literacy. Repeated an ools, with feedback ance. Fine motor activities | of a child's strength, co- By creating games and stability, balance, spatial and emotional well-being. d varied opportunities to and support from adults, |
| Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. ELG: Gross Motor Skills Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with | threading, playdough, pouring, cutting, weaving, tweezers Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp Teach children how to use scissors | playdough, pouring, cutting, weaving, tweezers Teach and model correct letter formation. Teach children how to use scissors | threading, playdough, pouring, cutting, weaving, tweezers Cut along a straight line with scissors / Start to cut along a curved line, like a circle | threading, playdough, pouring, cutting, weaving, tweezers Cutting fruit with a knife | threading, playdough, pouring, cutting, weaving, tweezers Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually | threading, playdough, pouring, cutting, weaving, tweezers Form letters correctly using an effective tripod grip |
| consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. | Cooperation games i.e. parachute games. Climbing – park, crates, planks, assault courses Gross motor movements – ribbons, rollers, mops, prams, wheelbarrows Tricycles, scooters and balance bikes | Climbing – park, crates, planks, assault courses Gross motor movements – ribbons, rollers, mops, prams, wheelbarrows Play equipment – balls, bats and balls, stilts, hula hoops Obstacle activities- children moving over, under, through and around equipment | Climbing – park, crates, planks, assault courses Play equipment – balls, bats and balls, stilts, hula hoops Tricycles, scooters and balance bikes | Climbing – park, crates, planks, assault courses Play equipment – balls, bats and balls, stilts, hula hoops Tricycles, scooters and balance bikes | Climbing – park, crates, planks, assault courses Play equipment – balls, bats and balls, stilts, hula hoops | Climbing – park, crates, planks, assault courses Races / team games involving gross motor movements |
| PE/Gymnastics/ Dance | Travelling in different ways Dance / moving to music | Gymnastics - shapes Dance / moving to music | Gymnastics - rolls Dance / moving to music | Gymnastics - jumps Dance / moving to music | Ball skills – throwing and catching, aiming Dance / moving to music | Ball skills – kicking, passing, dribbling Dance / moving to music |

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer | Summer 2 |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| | All about me | The Dark | Down in the | Come outside | 1 | A ticket to ride |
| | | | Woods | | = Amazing | |
| | | | | | animals | |
| Literacy | | · | | _ | nsions: language co | mprehension and word reading. |
| ELG: Comprehension | | • | • | • | • | ults talk with children about the nd songs together. Skilled word |
| Demonstrate understanding of | | • | | | | Is (decoding) and the speedy |
| what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives | 0. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , - | • | | osition (articulating ideas and |
| using their own words and recently | recognition of it | minai printed words. With | | speech, before writing | | osition (articulating lucas and |
| introduced vocabulary. | | | | , , | | |
| Anticipate – where appropriate – | -Joining in with | -Begin to blend to read CVC | -Sequence story – | -Read simple phrases | Stories from other | -Listen to stories, accurately |
| key events in stories. | rhymes and showing | words made up of known | use vocabulary of | and sentences made | cultures and | anticipating key events & respond |
| Use and understand recently | an interest in stories with repeated | letter-sound | beginning, middle and end. | up of words with known letter–sound | traditions | to what they hear with relevant |
| introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non- | refrains. | correspondences | and end. | correspondences and, | They develop | comments, questions and reactions. |
| fiction, rhymes and poems and | remains. | -New vocabulary linked to | -Retell stories | where necessary, a | their own | reactions. |
| during role-play. | -Understand the five | stories | through | few exception words. | narratives and | -Make predictions |
| 0 1 1 7 | key concepts about | | acting/role-play | Ten exception nords | explanations by | mane predictions |
| ELG: Word Reading | print | -Enjoys an increasing range | | -Non-fiction books | connecting ideas | -Beginning to understand that a |
| Say a sound for each letter in the | • | of books | - Story maps | linked to topic | or events | non-fiction is a non-story- it gives |
| alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. | -Engage in extended | | | | | information instead. Fiction means |
| Read words consistent with their | conversations about | -Sequencing familiar stories | -Rhyming words | -Uses vocabulary and | -Pajamarama Day | story Can point to front cover, |
| phonic knowledge by sound- blending. | stories, learning new | through the use of pictures | | forms of speech that | | back cover, spine, blurb, |
| Read aloud simple sentences and | vocabulary | to tell the story. | | are increasingly | -Uses and | illustration, illustrator, author and |
| books that are consistent with their | | | | influenced by their | understands | title. |
| phonic knowledge, including some | -Bedtime story books | | | experiences of books. | vocabulary | |
| common exception words. | | | | | | -Reads aloud simple sentences |
| Daily Reading Opportunities – | | | | | | |

<u>Daily Reading Opportunities</u> –

Reading area (books linked to children's interests, books the children read in Nursery, topic books, non-fiction books linked to topic) Shared reading (ORT big book), dedicated poem/rhyming song time, reading for pleasure daily story time, VIPERS linked to class text

| Phonics | Phase 1 | Phase 2 | Phase 2 | Phase 3 | Phase 3 | Phase 3 |
|------------------|---------|-----------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| <u>FIIOIIICS</u> | | Set 1 | Set 4 | Set 6 | Set 9 | Set 10 |
| | | (satp) | (ck e u r) | (j v w x) | (ai ee igh oa oo) | (ar or ur ow oi) |
| | | Set 2 | Set 5 | Set 7 | | Set 11 |
| | | (i n m d) | (h b f ff l ll ss) | (y z zz qu) | | (ear air ure er) |
| | | Set 3 | | Set 8 | | |
| | | (gock) | | (ch sh th ng) | | |

| Literacy Writing ELG: Writing Write recognisable letters, | Language comprehens world around them an reading, taught later recognition of famil | ion (necessary for bood the books (stories and involves both the sp | th reading and writing) sta and non-fiction) they read beedy working out of the p riting involves transcription | Spring 2 Come outside consists of two dimensions: rts from birth. It only devel with them, and enjoy rhym pronunciation of unfamiliar on (spelling and handwriting speech, before writing) | ops when adults talk nes, poems and song printed words (deco | with children about the stogether. Skilled word oding) and the speedy articulating ideas and |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others. | Texts as stimulus: The Family Book -Name writing -Draw and label a picture of my family/a pet I would like Dominant hand, tripod grip, mark making, giving meaning to marks and labelling. Shopping lists (role play corner) | Texts as stimulus: Whatever Next -Writing initial sounds and simple captionsstory re-tell -facts about space - recount of our trip to Cannock chase Name writing, labelling using initial sounds, story scribing. Sequence stories using pictures | Texts as stimulus: Traditional tales (Little Red Riding Hood, Hansel and Gretel) -Sequence stories -Story maps -Story re-tells -Character descriptions (The Gruffalo) -Instructions (linked to making Gingerbread Men) -Lists Creating own story maps, writing captions and labels, writing simple sentences. | Texts as stimulus: The Very Hungry Caterpillar -Story re-tell -Instructions (linked to planting) - writing a recount of our pond dipping Labels and captions — life cycle. Beginning to use finger spaces. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. | Texts as stimulus: Handa's Surprise What the Ladybird Heard -Story re-tell -Facts about animals -draw and label a map of the farm -simple prediction Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. | Texts as stimulus: The Three Little Pigs The Rainbow Fish -Postcard from the beach - story re-tell The Rainbow Fish and The Three Little Pigs -draw and label a map of our local area Story writing, writing sentences using a range of tricky words that are spelt correctly. Innovation of familiar texts. Using familiar texts as a model for writing own stories. Write three sentences – B, M & E. |
| <u>Phonics</u> | Phase 1 | Phase 2 Set 1 (s a t p) Set 2 (i n m d) Set 3 (g o c k) | Phase 2 Set 4 (ck e u r) Set 5 (h b f ff I II ss) | Phase 3 Set 6 (j v w x) Set 7 (y z zz qu) Set 8 (ch sh th ng) | Phase 3 Set 9 (ai ee igh oa oo) | Phase 3 Set 10 (ar or ur ow oi) Set 11 (ear air ure er) |

| | <u>Autumn 1</u> | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Mathematics ELG Number: - Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10 including the composition of each number - Subitise up to 5 - Automatically recall number bonds to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts ELG: Numerical Patterns - Verbally count beyond 20, recognizing the pattern of the counting system - Compare quantities up to 10 - Explore and represents patterns within numbers to 10 including evens and odds, doubles facts and how quantities can be distributed equally | should be able to count those numbers. By pr small pebbles and tens mathematics is built. In across all areas of ma | ounding in number is esseconfidently, develop a decoviding frequent and varie frames for organising count addition, it is important that thematics including shape atterns and relationships, Number - Numbers 4 and 5 - Composition of 4 and 5 - One more/one fewer - Ordering 1-5 - Shape - Shapes with 4 sides - Day/Night – ordering events - Positional Language | ep understanding of the red opportunities to build inting - children will deven at the curriculum includes, space and measures. It | numbers to 10, the relation and apply this understandop a secure base of known is rich opportunities for control is important that childrenders ago', talk to adults and process. | onships between them a ding - such as using man wledge and vocabulary f shildren to develop thein n develop positive attitu | and the patterns within nipulatives, including from which mastery of spatial reasoning skills udes and interests in |
| Mathematical Rhymes/Stories | The Button Box 1, 2, 3 At the Zoo One Bear at bedtime | Rosie's Walk We're going on a bear hunt Kipper's Birthday Night Monkey Day Monkey Number rhymes e.g. 5 little speckled frogs, 5 | Six Dinner Sid Kipper's Toybox Noah's Ark Jack and the Beanstalk (height) Anno's Counting book | Ten in the bed '10 little' series Feast of 10 Cockatoos 10 Green Bottles | One is a snail, Ten is a crab One moose, twenty mice | Alison Hubble Double Dave One odd day |

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer | Summer 2 |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| | All about me | The Dark | Down in the | Come outside | | A ticket to ride |
| | All about me | THE Dark | | Come outside | <u>1</u> | A ticket to fide |
| | | | Woods | | Amazing | |
| | | | | | animals | |
| Understanding | _ | | | f their physical world and th | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| the World | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | <u> </u> | of the world around them – and firefighters. In addition, | ~ . | |
| the world | <u> </u> | - | | turally, socially, technological | _ | |
| ELG: Past and Present | I | | _ | ords that support understand | • | |
| ELG. Fust und Fresent | | <u> </u> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | port later reading compreher | _ | |
| ELG: ELG: People, Culture | Talk about members of | Bonfire night – how | Use bee-bots on | Life cycles – plant, | Use Handa's | Look at maps of the UK |
| and Communities | their immediate family | do we celebrate with | simple maps. | butterfly and frog | Surprise to | and name the four |
| | and community. | our families? | Encourage the | | explore a | countries. Locate S-O-T. |
| ELG: The World | Introduce children to | | children to use | Pond dipping | different | Identify land and sea. |
| | Introduce children to | Festival of Diwali – | navigational | | country – | |
| | different occupations and people who help us | how do Hindu's | language. | Planting seeds and | compare and | Look at features of a beach |
| | in our community. | celebrate? | 6 1 1 | observing changes over | contrast | environment. |
| | in our community. | No sturnal animals | Seasonal changes | time | Lacata Kanya | Look how transport has |
| | Discuss family | Nocturnal animals | – winter | What do plants need to | Locate Kenya on the world | Look how transport has changed over time. |
| | celebrations and | Space – naming the | Explore ice | grow? | map | Encourage the children to |
| | similarities and | planets | melting | g. 0 w . | Пар | make simple comparisons. |
| | differences between | p.aets | | Healthy food and | Draw and | That companies |
| | families | How do Christian's | Baking | identifying where our | labels maps of | Local area walk – features |
| | Name the parts of the | celebrate Christmas? | Gingerbread men | food comes from. | a farm | of our local environment |
| | body and our five | Share the Nativity | exploring | | | |
| | senses | story. How is | changes | Naming/sorting and | Describe and | Look at our houses and |
| | 5611363 | Christmas celebrated | | comparing minibeasts | comment on | homes and draw |
| | How have we changed | around the world? | Exploring floating | looking at their habitats | different | comparisons |
| | over time | | and sinking | Seasonal changes – signs | animals based on | Maps of local area |
| | Seasonal changes – | | | of Spring | observations | Comparing places on |
| | signs of Autumn | | | or Spring | ODSCI VALIOIIS | Google Earth – how are |
| | Signs of Autumin | | | Introduce the children to | | they similar/different? |
| | | | | recycling and how it can | | , |
| | | | | take care of our world. | | |

| | <u>Autumn 1</u> | <u>Autumn 2</u> | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | All about me | The Dark | Down in the | Come outside | Amazing | A ticket to ride |
| | | | Woods | | animals | |
| Expressive Arts | The development of children | | | | | |
| | opportunities to engage wi | | | | | |
| and Design | what children see, hear and | • | | | • | |
| ELG: Creating with | through the arts. The frequen | icy, repetition and dep | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | progress in interpreting | and appreciating what |
| Materials | | | they hear, respond t | | | |
| - Safely use and explore a | Give children an insight in | | • | • | • | ge children to listen |
| variety of materials, tools and | | | ic. Discuss changes and p | patterns as a piece of mu | sic develops. | T |
| techniques, experimenting | Joins in with songs and | Shadow puppets | Act out traditional | Paint the Very | Learn a traditional | Use different |
| with colour, design, texture, | rhymes | | stories using props, | Hungry Caterpillar in | African song and | textures and |
| form and function; - Share their creations, | | Make | role play masks, | the Style of Eric Carle | dance (Handa's | materials to make |
| explaining the process they | Exploring colour mixing | rockets/spaceships | small world wooden | | surprise) and | houses for the Three |
| have used; | linked to The Colour | linked to space | characters | Paint symmetrical | perform it / | Little Pigs |
| - Make use of props and | Monster | (teach children to | | butterflies | Encourage children | |
| materials when role playing | | join using split | 3D story maps | | to create their own | Build houses using |
| characters in narratives and | Self Portraits – draw and | pins) | | Observational | music. | construction |
| stories. | paint | | Painting story | drawings of plants | | equipment. |
| | | Firework art | characters | using various media | Look at African | |
| ELG: Being Imaginative and | Exploring sounds and how | | | e.g. pastels | patterns and | Junk modelling - |
| Expressive | they can be changed, | Diva lamps linked | Listen to music and | | African masks | transport |
| -Invent, adapt and recount | tapping out of simple | to Diwali | make their own | Printing using fruit | | |
| narratives and stories with | rhythms (linked to feelings) | | dances in response. | and vegetables | African sunset | Art in the style of |
| peers and their teacher; | Canada de la casa de la cidada del cidada de la cidada del cidada de la cidada del cidada del cidada del cidada de la cidada del cida | Van Gogh – Starry | | | pictures with | Emma Bridgewater |
| - Sing a range of well-known | Sensory collages – exploring | Night | | Andy Goldsworthy | silhouettes | |
| nursery rhymes and songs; | different textures | | | art – making pictures | | |
| -Perform songs, rhymes, | Junk modelling - | Make lanterns | | using natural | Build enclosures for | |
| poems and stories with | Teach children different | | | materials | animals | |
| others, and – when appropriate – try to move in | techniques for joining | | | | | |
| time with music. | materials | | | | Creating | |
| time with music. | Illateriais | | | | representations of | |
| | Leaf printing (Autumn) | | | | different animals | |
| | | | | | | |

Early Learning Goals – Prime Areas

Communication and Language

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers

ELG: Speaking

Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.

Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Personal, social, emotional development

ELG: Self-Regulation

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.

Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

ELG: Managing Self

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Building Relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;.

Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Physical Development

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.

Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.

Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases.

Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery.

Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Early Learning Goals – Specific Areas

Literacy **Maths Understanding the World Expressive arts** and design **ELG: Comprehension ELG: Number ELG: Past and Present ELG: Creating with** Talk about the lives of the people around them and their Demonstrate understanding of what has been Have a deep understanding of Materials roles in society. Safely use and explore a read to them by retelling stories and narratives number to 10, including the Know some similarities and differences between things in variety of materials, tools using their own words and recently introduced composition of each number; the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what and techniques, vocabulary. Subitise (recognise quantities has been read in class. experimenting with Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in Understand the past through settings, characters and without counting) up to 5; colour, design, texture, stories. events encountered in books read in class and form and function. Automatically recall (without Use and understand recently introduced storytelling. Share their creations, reference to rhymes, counting or vocabulary during discussions about stories, **ELG: People, Culture and Communities** explaining the process other aids) number bonds up to 5 non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-Describe their immediate environment using knowledge they have used; - Make (including subtraction facts) and play. from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts use of props and materials some number bonds to 10, and maps. when role playing **ELG: Word Reading** including double facts. Know some similarities and differences between different characters in narratives Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and religious and cultural communities in this country, and stories. **ELG: Numerical Patterns** at least 10 digraphs. drawing on their experiences and what has been read in Verbally count beyond 20, class. **ELG: Being Imaginative** Read words consistent with their phonic recognising the pattern of the Explain some similarities and differences between life in and Expressive knowledge by sound-blending. counting system; - Compare this country and life in other countries, drawing on Invent, adapt and recount knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when narratives and stories with Read aloud simple sentences and books that quantities up to 10 in different appropriate – maps. peers and their teacher. are consistent with their phonic knowledge, contexts, recognising when one **ELG: The Natural World** Sing a range of wellincluding some common exception words. quantity is greater than, less than known nursery rhymes Explore the natural world around them, making or the same as the other **ELG: Writing** observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. and songs; Perform songs, quantity. Write recognisable letters, most of which are Know some similarities and differences between the rhymes, poems and stories natural world around them and contrasting with others, and – when correctly formed. Explore and represent patterns environments, drawing on their experiences and what has appropriate – try to move Spell words by identifying sounds in them and within numbers up to 10, been read in class. in time with music. representing the sounds with a letter or letters. including evens and odds, double Understand some important processes and changes in the

natural world around them, including the seasons and

changing states of matter.

facts and how quantities can be

distributed equally.

Write simple phrases and sentences that can

be read by others.